OUTLINE OF LECTURE 2: STATE AND ANARCHY

1. Three levels of analysis

2. The modern state system
   a) Westphalia, 1648
   b) from overlapping feudal loyalties to sovereignty of the state

3. Nationalism
   a) Formative events:
      - American Revolutionary War, 1775–83
      - French Revolution, 1789–99
      - Italian Unification, 1859–70
      - German Unification, 1866–71
      - World War I, 1914–19
   b) Creating the nation-state
      - core similarities (religious, ethnic, linguistic)
      - feeling of community (communication, shared history, culture)
      - desire for self-rule
   c) Social Darwinism: genocide, colonialism, Nazism

4. Other state-creation forces:
   a) Marxism/Leninism
   b) Religion

5. Anarchy and hierarchy
   a) authority and coercion
   b) security to generate and use wealth
   c) anarchy: no central authority, possible use of force
   d) means to cope: guns vs. butter, alliances, protection
   e) hierarchy: protectorate, informal empire, formal empire
   f) sovereignty: polite fiction

6. Legitimacy
   - source: divine, natural law, people, authority
   - Milgram’s obedience to authority experiments
   - Zimbardo prison experiment