

## OUTLINE OF LECTURE 10: SECURITY DILEMMA

1. Reassurance and other states
  - a) friendly satisfied powers (Europe, Canada)
  - b) implacable enemies (al Qaeda)
  - c) potential revisionists (USSR, China)
2. Anarchy and agreements
  - a) sovereignty and Great Powers
  - b) use of force, self-enforcement
  - c) provision for own defense
  - d) increased vulnerability of opponent
  - e) security dilemma
  - f) tension between deterrence and reassurance
  - g) non-deterrence situations (Canada, Britain)
3. Why not avoid the dilemma?
  - a) revisionism not certain, only potential
  - b) capabilities matter more than intentions
  - c) arms races (Anglo-German Naval Race, 1897-1914)
  - d) Prisoner's Dilemma
4. How to deal with the dilemma?
  - a) contributing factors
    - anarchy
    - lack of trust
    - misperception
    - offense-defense ambiguity
  - b) ameliorating factors
    - offense-defense role clear
    - defense dominance
    - demilitarized zones (Korea, Sinai, Rhineland)
    - buffer zones (cordon sanitaire, Eastern Europe)
    - arms control (nuclear, biological/chemical, conventional)
    - collective security (League of Nations, U.N.)